## **Breach Documentation Form**

Part A. Breach Inform	ation								
Complete the section below to conduct a full assessment of the breach that has occurred. It is important to									
assess all elements of the breach as this will help you to determine the risk of harm and the need to report									
the breach. It's important to include your rationale in the sections provided because you may need to refer to this information in the future.									
Name of person filling out the form:  Date:									
rivacy Officer informed: Yes No Privacy Officer name:									
Frivacy Officer informed.			Frivacy Officer flame.						
Key physicians involved			Lead clinic physician name:						
informed:			1						
Describe how the breach was			no were the key staff and physici	ians involved in the breach and					
what was their role?									
Was the cause of the breach a	a loss d	of informa	ation <b>OR</b> unauthorized access <b>O</b>	R unauthorized disclosure?					
Describe your reasoning below			dion <b>on</b> unaumonzed access <b>c</b>	diadiionzed disclosure:					
List the types of health information involved. Health Information includes diagnostic, treatment and care									
information or registration information. This pertains to #11 on the OIPC privacy breach reporting form. Do not									
include individually identifying information.									
When did the breach occur? V	Vhen w	as it disc	covered?						
vineri dia tre breach occur: v	VIICII V	ras it dist	SOVER CO.						
Whose information has been breached?									
If the information has been disclosed, how wide is the spread of information? Please describe below.									

## Part B. Risk of Harm

The Health Information Regulation defines the factors custodians must consider when assessing the risk of harm. This checklist can be used to assist the custodian and privacy officer to ensure all factors were considered.

RISK OF HARM CONSIDERATIONS	Yes	No	ASSESSMENT RATIONALE				
Is there reason to believe that the information has been or may be accessed by or disclosed to an unauthorized individual?							
Is there a reason to believe that the information has been or will be used for malicious purposes (intentional or not)?							
Is there a reason to believe that the information could be used for the purpose of identity theft or to commit fraud?							
Is there a reason to believe that the information involved in the breach could cause:  • Embarrassment • Physical, mental, or financial harm • Damage of reputation							
Is there a reason to believe that the breach has or may adversely affect the provision of a health services to the individual?							
Are there any other factors that indicate a risk of harm to the affected individual?							
*If you answer "YES" to any of the questions, please continue on to Section C to ensure that the breach was not mitigated before notice under Section 60.1(2) of the HIA.  *If you answer "NO" to all the questions then the breach may not be reportable.							

## Part C. Mitigation Factors

There are mitigating factors that a custodian must consider in reporting a breach. Complete the section (s) that is applicable to your type of breach.

	Yes	No		
1. For loss of information:				
<ul> <li>Was the electronic information encrypted or otherwise secured in a manner that would prevent the information from being accessed or make the information useless?</li> </ul>				
Do you have confirmation the information was destroyed or made useless?				
If it was recovered, is there confirmation that it was not accessed before it was recovered?				
<ul> <li>If it was recovered, is there confirmation that the information was only viewed to determine that the information was provided in error?</li> </ul>				
2. For unauthorized access of information, can the custodian demonstrate that the person:				
Is a custodian or an affiliate?				
Is subject to a confidentiality agreement and HIA compliant policies and procedures?				
<ul> <li>Accessed the information in a manner that is relevant to the person's duties?</li> </ul>				
Was not inappropriately accessing information? (i.e., snooping)				
<ul> <li>Did not use the information except in determining that the information was accessed in error, and steps have been taken to address the error?</li> </ul>				
3. For unauthorized disclosure of information, can the custodian demonstrate:				
That the information was disclosed to a custodian or an affiliate?				
<ul> <li>That the recipient was subject to a confidentiality agreement and HIA compliant policies and procedures?</li> </ul>				
That the person disclosing the information had the authority to do so?				
A custodian may decide that notification is necessary even when mitigating factors are present. Each situation is				

A custodian may decide that notification is necessary even when mitigating factors are present. Each situation is unique, and all factors should be considered.

Part D. Reporting and Mitigation:								
The custodian must report the breach unless they are able to demonstrate the breach was mitigated and there was no risk of								
harm. Use the checklist below to document your reporting and attach the forms sent to the various parties.								
Did the custodian report the breach?	Yes	No	Date (if applicable)					
Notified OIPC using OIPC privacy breach reporting form								
Notified Minister of Health using AH Minister reporting form								
Notified the patient using patient notification letter template								
Mitigation and Remediation Notes								
Describe any steps that the custodian has taken or is intending to take, to reduce the risk of harm to the								
individual(s) involved in this breach.								
Describe any steps that the custodian has taken or is intending to take, to reduce the risk of future breaches.								
Custodian Signature:		Date:						